



Riveting Machine

US-1 vol.11

Instruction Manual for Riveting Machine US-1

Rivetronics

Riveting Machine Safety Precautions

- In order to use your Rivetronics Riveting Machine properly, be sure to read through and obtain a thorough understanding of the information contained in the safety precautions booklet and operating instruction manual before attempting to use or operate the equipment. Failure to do so could result in accident or injury, and may contribute to shortening the life or reducing the power of the riveting machine.
- This booklet contains information concerning safety and proper use of the riveting machine. For details concerning handling and operation, see the riveting machine's operating instruction manual.
- You should keep this booklet and the operating instruction manual for your reference.



Safety Precautions

The precautions contained in this booklet should be observed in order to protect the equipment from damage while ensuring your safety as well as the safety of others. The precautions are categorized and labeled as "DANGER!", "WARNING!" or "CAUTION!" according to the severity and likelihood of damage or injury that could be incurred by failure to observe the corresponding warnings. All items concerning safety are important and must be observed.

	DANGER! Situation which is likely to occur and which could result in death or injury if safety precautions are not observed.
	WARNING! Situation which could potentially result in death or injury if safety precautions are not observed.
	CAUTION! Situation which could potentially result in bodily injury or equipment damage if safety precautions are not observed.

Symbols

The symbols used to signify the type of precaution to be observed are as described below. Be sure to read through and obtain a thorough understanding of the contents before proceeding.

	Indicates a precaution involving "DANGER!", "WARNING!" or "CAUTION!"
	Indicates an action which is prohibited.
	Indicates a procedure which must be carried out without fail.



DANGER !

	Placing your hand or fingers underneath the head could result in injury. Be sure to take the proper precautions while the riveting machine is in operation.
	Do not open the door of the control box except when absolutely necessary. Doing so could result in electric shock. If you have to open the door, be sure to turn off the power and unplug the machine before doing so.



WARNING !

	The riveting machine should be firmly secured to the floor or workbench. If not, the machine could be accidentally knocked over, resulting in injury. We cannot guarantee that the riveting machine will not be damaged in the event of such an accident.
	Do not use power source or voltage other than those specified for that particular model. Using an improper power source could result in equipment damage or fire.
	Do not allow the wiring to be damaged. A short at a damaged portion could melt the cable and start a fire.
	Do not allow the riveting machine to get wet. Moisture can damage the machine, and could result in electrical shock or fire.
	In order to guard against fire or malfunction caused by faulty or improper repair, the riveting machine must not be disassembled or repaired by anyone other than a qualified professional. When repair becomes necessary, contact your nearest Rivetronics dealer.
	Do not touch the switches, etc., with wet hands. Doing so could result in electrical shock.



CAUTION !

	Turn off the power before changing the head, insert or tools in order to ensure that the riveting machine is not accidentally actuated while doing so.
	Be sure to remove the head and check the motor's direction of rotation before performing test operation after setting up or moving the machine. If the motor turns in reverse, the head could come off, resulting in damage or injury.
	Do not place your fingers or any other objects in the turning part of the motor while it is running. Doing so could result in injury or equipment damage.
	The operating voltage for each model is factory-set. Be sure the setting does not become inadvertently changed. Using at a higher setting could result in equipment damage.
	Be sure to firmly connect wiring and connectors. Poor contact could cause the machine to malfunction or result in damage.
	When replacing worn or damaged parts, be sure to use only Rivetronics genuine parts. Replacing with substitutes could result in equipment damage. Treat discarded machines and parts as industrial waste.
	In the event of an accident or if the riveting machine becomes broken or damaged, immediately turn off the power and cease operation. For repairs, contact your Rivetronics dealer.

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■ Introduction

We thank you for adopting Yoshikawa's Riveting Machine US-1.

The US-1 is an excellent machine manufactured based on our experience and research over many years as a dedicated manufacturer of riveting machines.

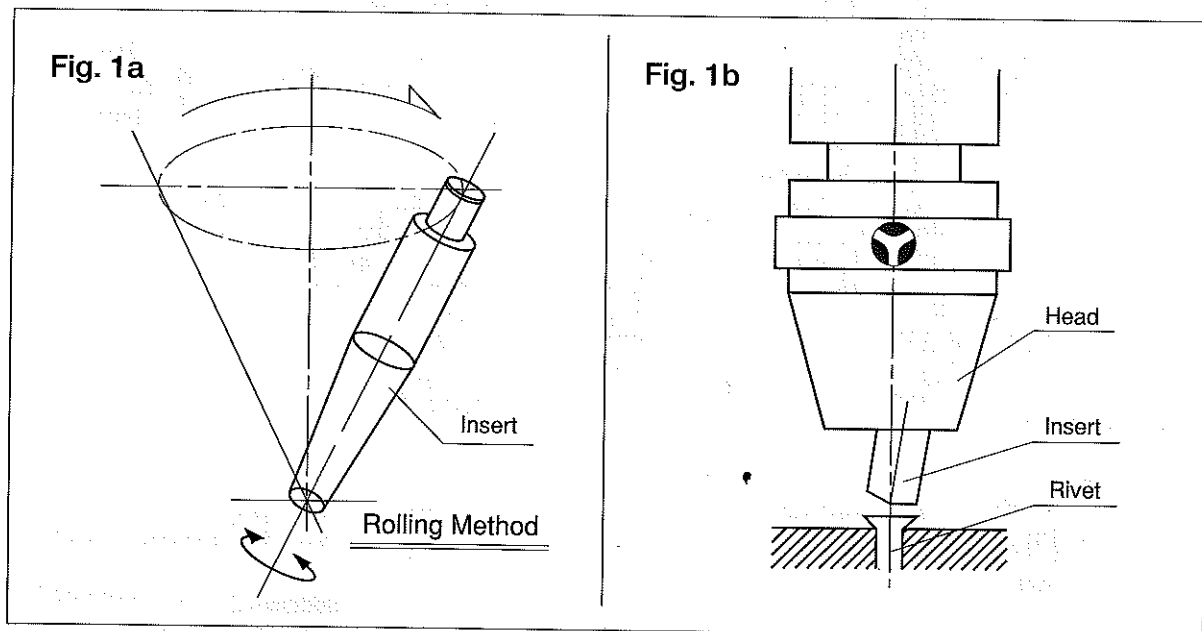
This manual provides instructions and key points for the maintenance and operation of the machine. Wrong handling may cause an unexpected accident or failure. Read through this manual before use and handle the machine correctly.

Kindly give this manual to the operator and direct him to keep the manual.

Operational Principle

A head which spins together with the spindle is attached to the end of an air cylinder and an insert is inserted into the head so that the insert can revolve round the rotational axis of the head at an angle to the rotational axis. Since the insert itself rotates freely, the insert can stand still irrespective of head rotation.

(Refer to Fig. 1b.)



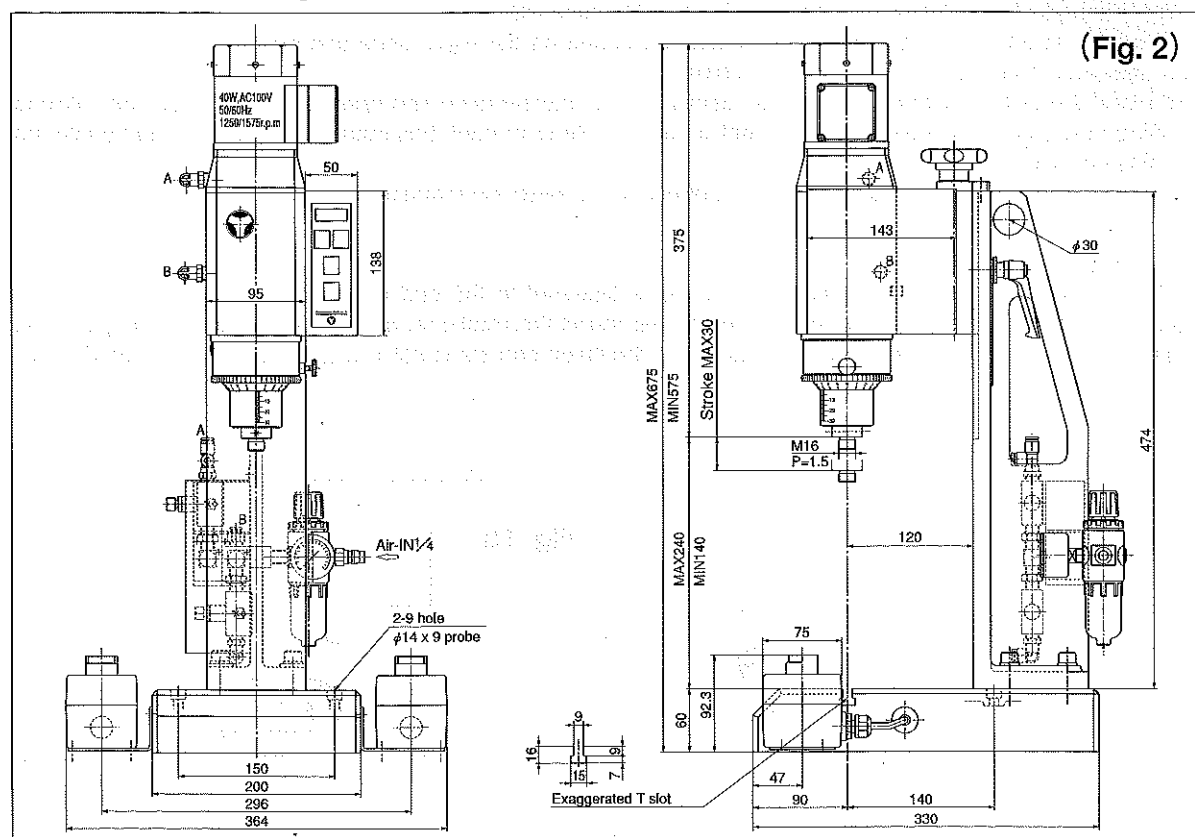
The insert usually rotates together with the head, but it stops rotation when it comes into contact with a rivet end and swings around the rivet end as if sliding over the surface of an inverted cone. (Refer to Fig. 1a.)

The end of the insert comes into contact with the rivet at a point on the surface of the end at first. The point contact grows to a line contact with the descent of the cylinder. The length of the contact line finally develops equal to the radius of the rivet point. A surface is shaped by the revolution of a contour, and the rivet end is formed to a flat point, round point, pan point, etc. according to the shape of the insert end.

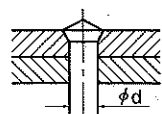
The rivet is upset little by little by the movement of the contact contour line between the rivet and the insert to form a point, finishing riveting.

■ Specifications

US-1 Outline Drawing



Specifications



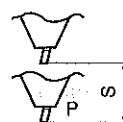
Riveting ability

Mild steel rivet
 $d = 0.5 \sim 3.0 \text{ mm}$



Power supply

1 ϕ AC100V 50/60Hz 150VA
3 ϕ AC200V 50/60Hz 220VA



Stroke	S
Driving pressure	P

$S = 0 \sim 30 \text{ mm}$

$$P = \text{MAX. } 1.28 \text{ kN} (130 \text{ kgf})$$


Finish coating

Body color
 Frame Japan Paint Maker
 Association No.332 Munsell 5.5Y9/2
Monitor color (frosted)
 Frame Japan Paint Maker
 Association No.1037 Munsell N5.1



Operation timer

$$t = 0.2 \sim 9.99 \text{ sec}$$


· Air pressure

0.49MPa
5kgf/cm²



Spindle motor

40w AC100V 50/60Hz
(AC200V)



Weight

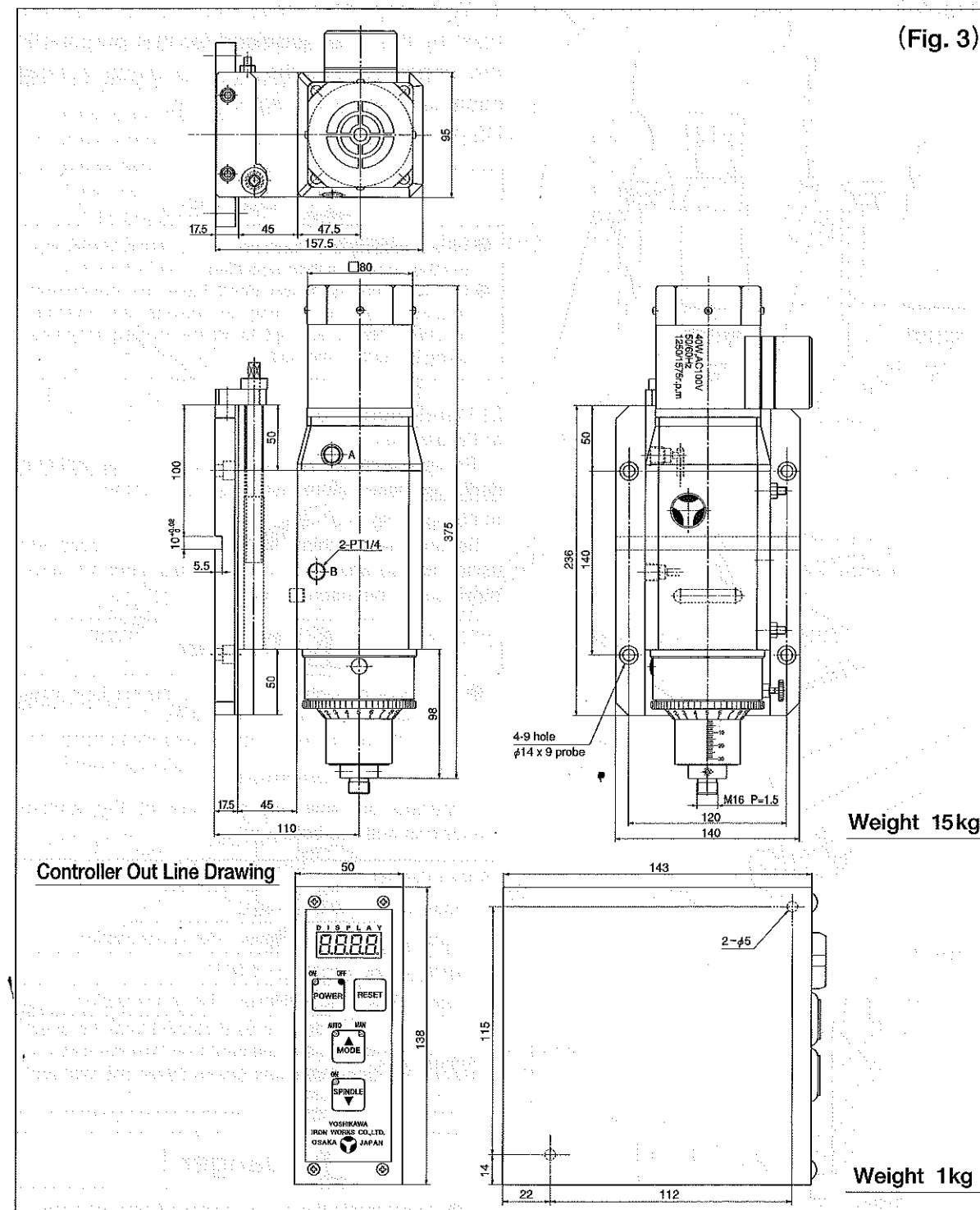
35kg

© 3-phase, AC 200 V specifications are custom order specifications.

© The design, dimensions, etc. may be altered without notice.

■ Specifications

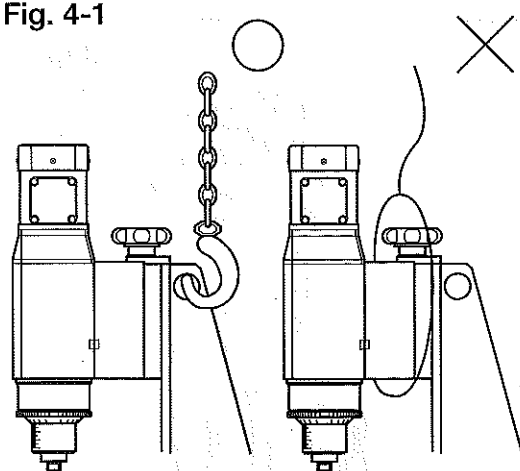
US-1E Outline Drawing





1. Installation and Ambient Conditions

Fig. 4-1



1-1 Installation

1) To transport or move the riveting machine, hoist by the holes provided for that purpose in the upper part of the column using a hoist capable of lifting 100 kg or more.

US-1 = 35 kg

Danger !

- When hoisting the machine, do not apply ropes etc. to other locations than specified.
- Consult with us if you don't have the equipment required for transporting or moving the riveting machine. Never attempt to lift the riveting machine using a shortcut method.

2) Installation (Fig. 4-2)

a) Preparation

Provide a machine base such as the optional dedicated base before installing the machine.

b) Fixing (Fig. 4-2)

Secure the machine firmly with anchor bolts etc. using the two anchor bolt holes (diameter 17 mm) provided on the machine bed.

Danger !

- If the floor is rough and not stable, the machine may be fallen down by an earthquake etc.

1-2 Ambient Conditions

Operate or stow the machine at the ambient conditions outlined below.

Ambient Condition	Requirement
Temperature	0°C ~ +50°C
Humidity	90%RHmax. (No condensation)
Storage temperature	-10°C ~ +50°C
Storage humidity	90%RHmax. (No condensation)
Atmosphere	Indoor (to be protected from the direct rays of the sun) free from corrosive or flammable gases, heavy oil mist and dust

Danger !

- Do not locate the machine near a flame, or a fire may be caused.

Fig. 4-2

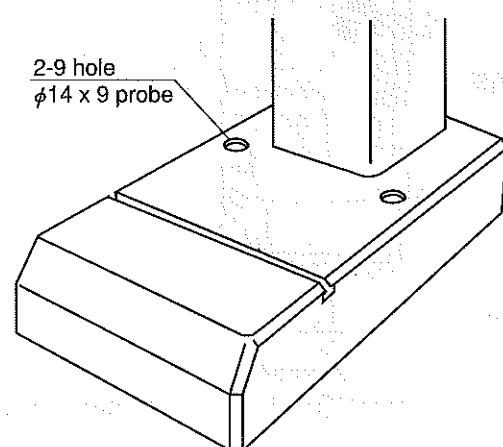
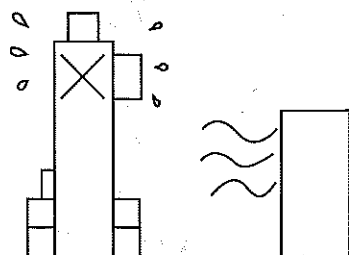


Fig. 5



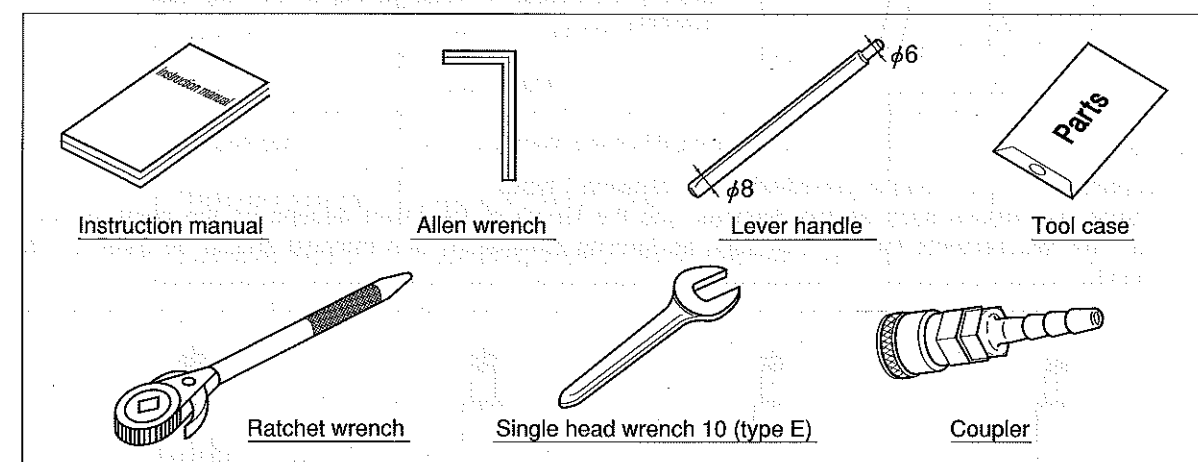
Accessories

The following tools etc. are supplied with the machine. Confirm them.

US-1 and -1E Accessories

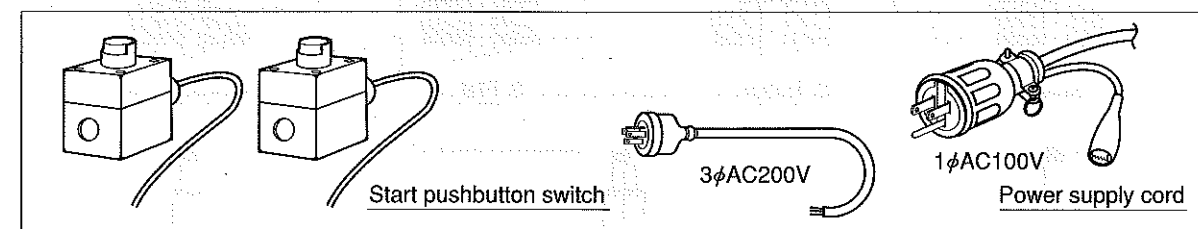
● Contained in Packaging Case

Instruction manual	1 copy
Allen wrenches 2-3 type E 2-5	1 pc
Lever handle φ6/φ8x200mm	1 pc
Tool case	1 bag
Single head wrench 10 (type E)	1 pc
Ratchet wrench, 6-mm square socket for 171B(type E)	1 pc
Coupler 20SH	1 pc



● Mounted on Machine

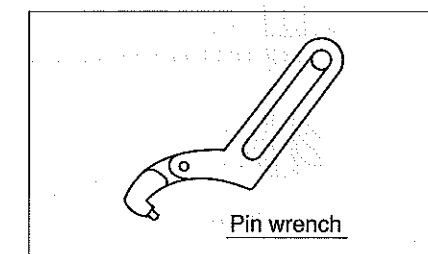
Start pushbutton switch (with bracket)	2 sets
Power supply cord	1 pc



● Head Accessory

The following accessory is furnished when the machine is purchased together with optional heads and inserts.

Pin wrench 5.5-mm dia.x200	1 p
----------------------------	-----

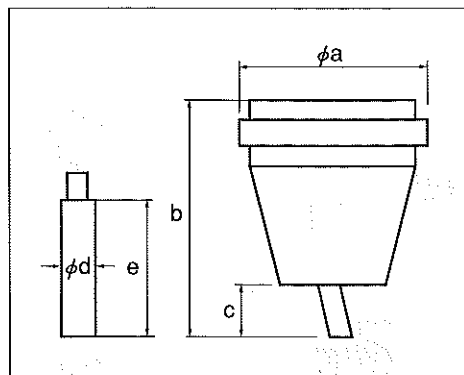




Standard Heads and Inserts

Standard Heads

The standard heads and inserts compatible with the model US-1 riveting machine are shown below.



Standard Head Table

(mm)

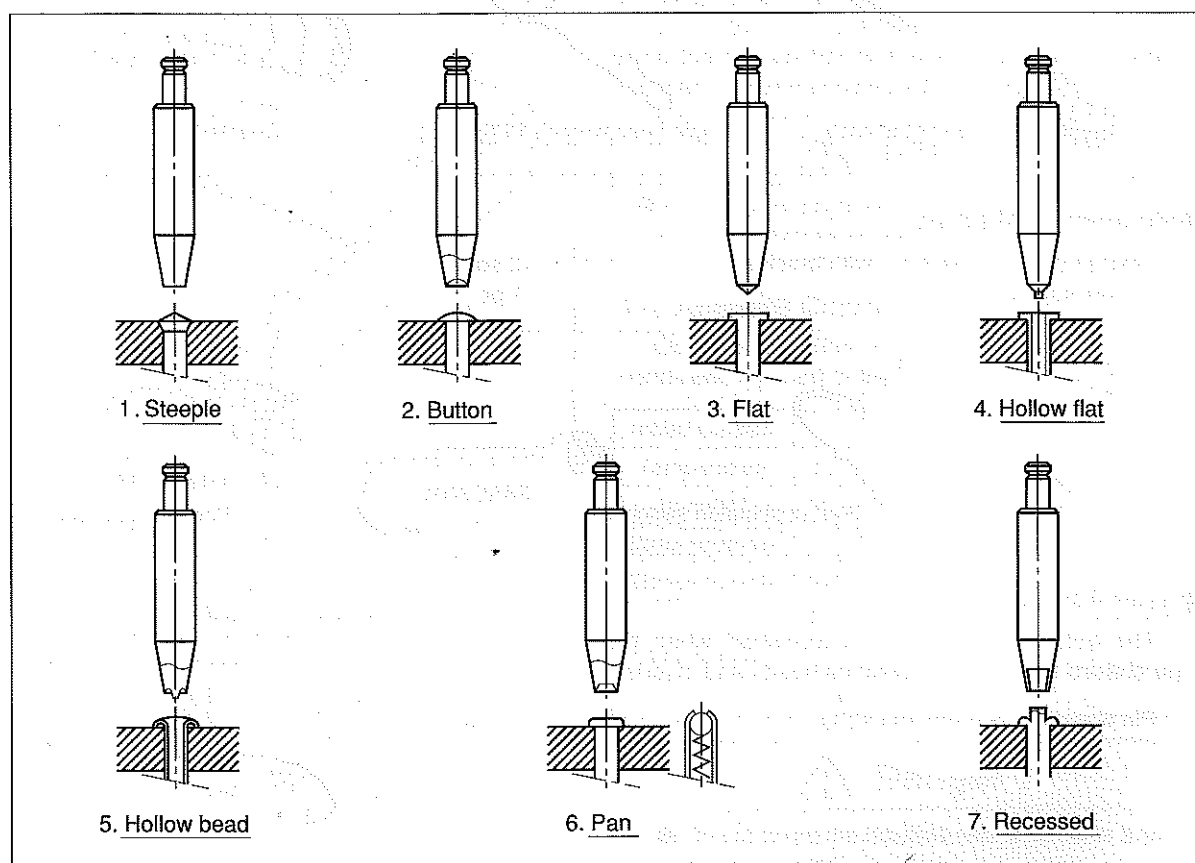
Head Model No.	ϕa	b	c	ϕd	e
U-8S	43	75	20	8	45
U-84S	45	92	35	8	59

● Many other types of heads suiting various applications are also available.

Inserts

Rivet point shapes are roughly classified to the following 7 types.

The basic dimensions such as the diameter and the length of the insert depend on the point formed. However, the requirements for the rivet such as forming dimensions and material should be given to us beforehand.



Options

In addition to the accessories, extra options suiting various purposes are offered.

Jigs and Tools

Name	Model No., Specifications	Qty
Anvil	25-mm dia.x30 (SKS-3, not shaped)	1
Anvil base	For US-1 (with washers)	1
T bolt set	M8x35, M8 cap nut	2 ea
T nut	For US-1(M8)	2
Grease gun	With M4 mouth piece with grease filled	1
Dedicated base (a)	Type 20301 W800 x D580 x H700	1
Dedicated base (b)	Type 20302 W800 x D580 x H700 With Caster	1

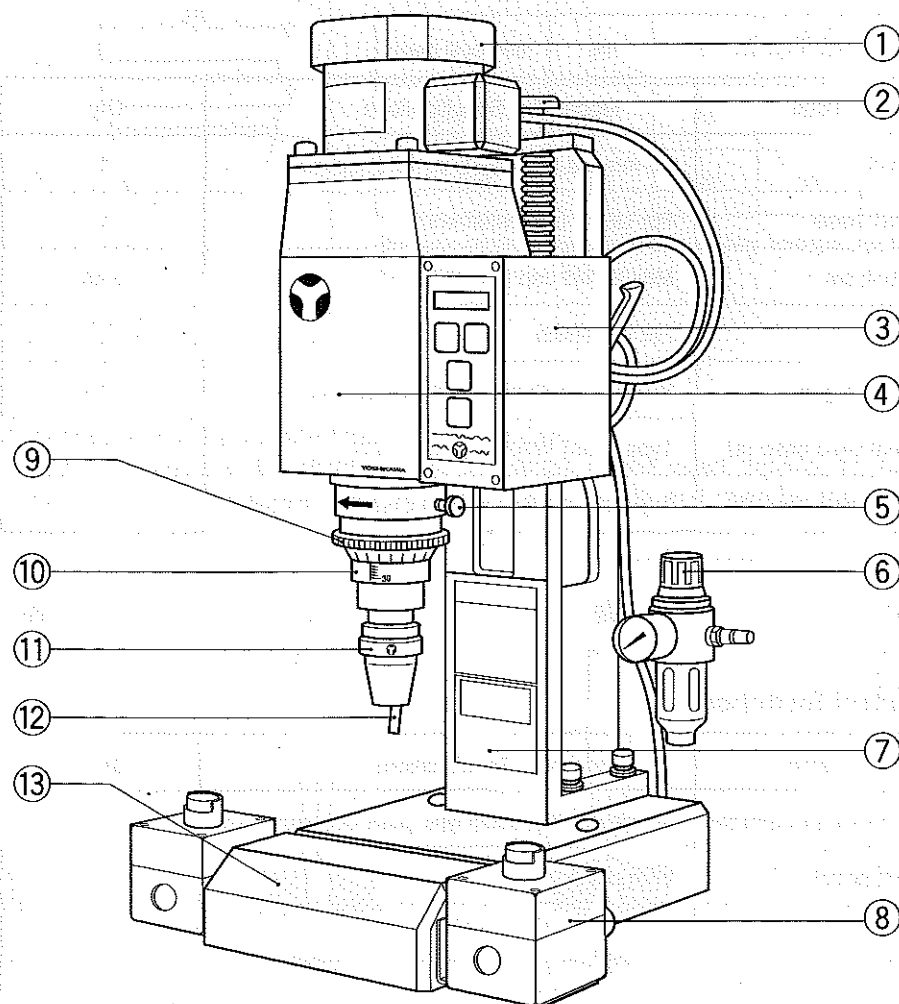
Control Switches

Name	Model No., Specifications	Qty
Emergency stop pushbutton	40-mm dia. mushroom type, push lock return type	1
Foot switch *1	With cover	1

*1 Mis-operation is very dangerous in riveting using the foot switch. Your purchasing order of the foot switch should be accompanied by your statement to the effect that you will provide working environments and train the operator so that the foot switch shall be operated safely.

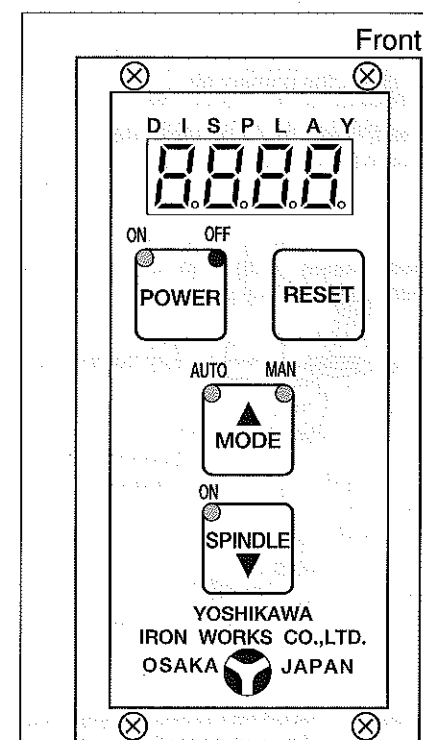


Names of Parts



- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| ① Spindle motor | ⑧ Both-hand operating pushbutton switch |
| ② Height adjustment handle | ⑨ Stroke adjusting ring |
| ③ Control panel | ⑩ Scale (For stroke adjusting) |
| ④ Cylinder | ⑪ Head (Option) |
| ⑤ Set screw | ⑫ Insert (Option) |
| ⑥ Air control unit | ⑬ Bed |
| ⑦ Column | |

Names of Parts on Control Panel



Display
Indicates counts or set values.



Power supply switch
Turns on or off the machine and indicates power on or off.



Reset
Resets functions and counters.



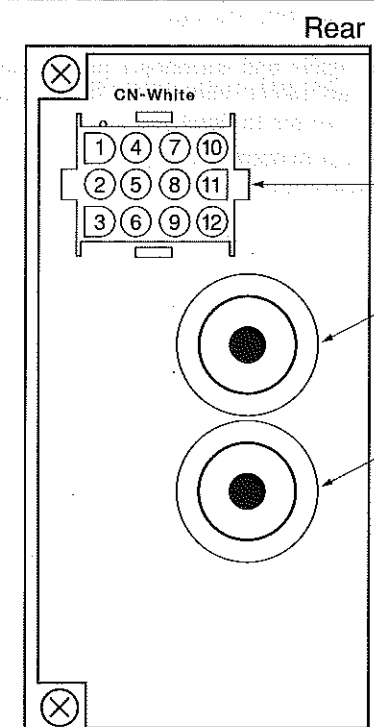
Operation mode selector switch
Selects operation mode, auto or manual. Increments time.



Spindle on/off switch
Switch for starting/stopping main spindle. Decrements time.

Caution !

● Do not operate the switches on the control panel with a sharp tool such as a screwdriver, as the control panel is made of a film sheet.



CN-white Spindle motor power cable, LS signal

Power supply cord inlet port

Start switch cable inlet port

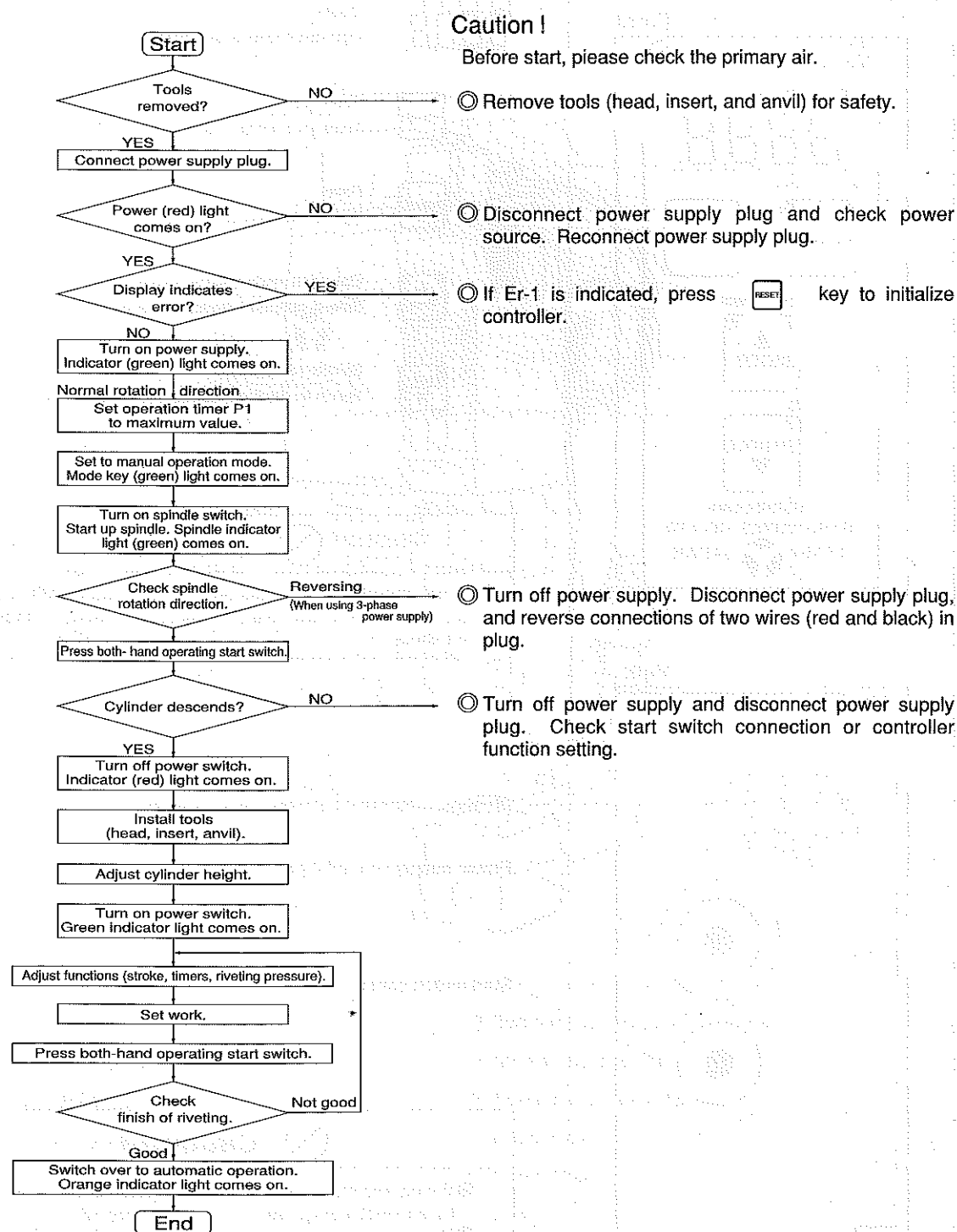
Caution !

- Wiring and maintenance of the controller shall be made by an electric engineer.
- Do not disassemble or modify the controller, or it may cause an accident or a failure.



2. Operation Preparation

2-1 Operation Flow Chart

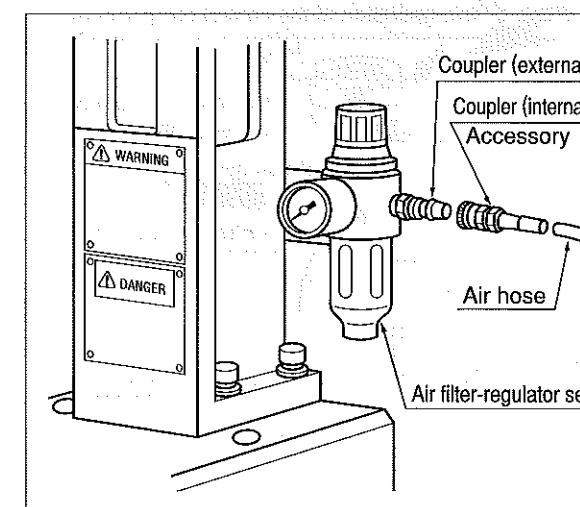


2-2 Air Supply Connection



Caution !

- Connect the compressed air line before connecting power supply.
- Use dry air free from moisture, oil, etc. Poor quality air may deteriorate or break down an internal machine part resulting in a machine failure.



(1) Preparation

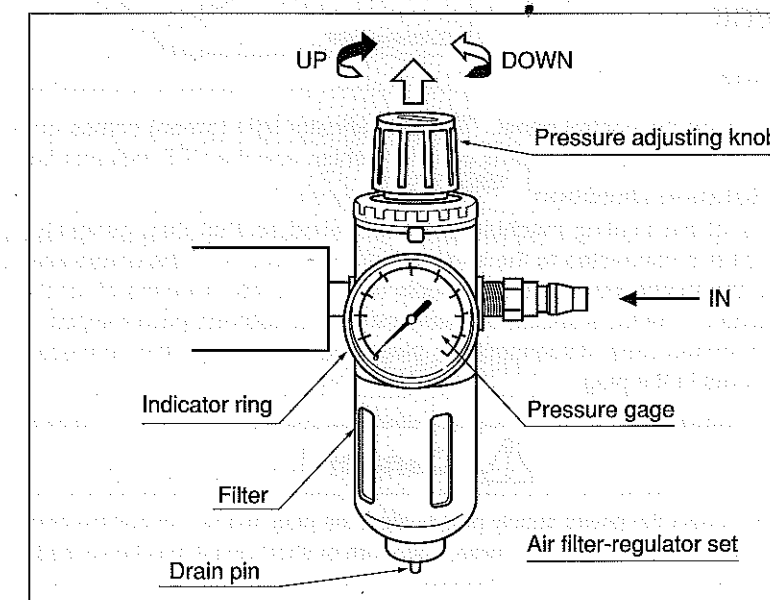
The US-1 riveting machine requires stable compressed air supply at 0.49Mpa (5kgf/cm²) min. Install a compressed air supply hose (diameter 9mm or over) to the machine installation location.

(2) Connecting Coupler

Slip the hose on to the root of supplied coupler (internal) positively and secure the hose with a metallic clamp or the like. Slip the coupler on to the plug of filter-regulator set till it clicks.

(3) Supply Pressure Setting

The air regulator (reducing valve) was set to 0.49Mpa before shipment and requires no readjustment. However, make sure that the reading of the pressure gage is correct. If the reading is less than specification, adjust the reducing valve or check the air source pressure. To adjust the pressure, pull up and turn the knob of the reducing valve clockwise to raise pressure. On completion of setting, press down the knob, and the knob is locked.



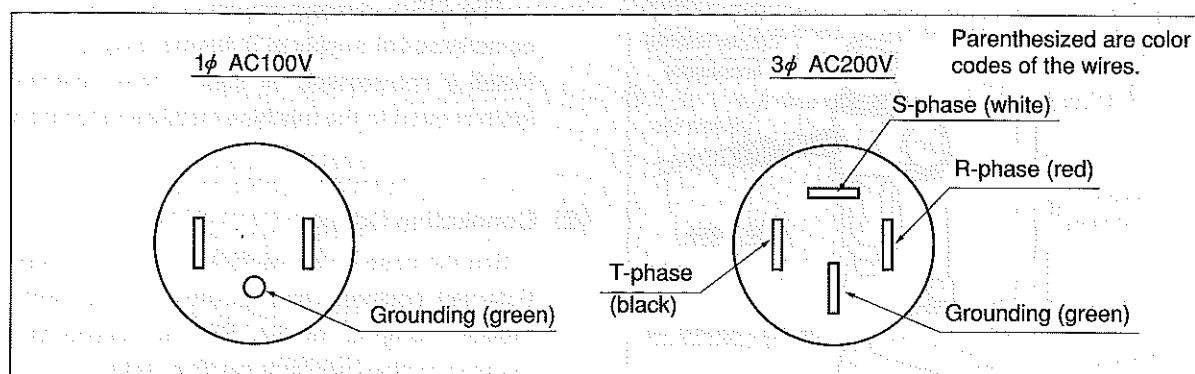


2-3 Power Supply Connection

The power supply cord supplied with the US-1 riveting machine is provided with a two-pole grounding type plug (single-phase 100 V) or a three-pole grounding type plug (three-phase 200V) depending on the power supply rating of the machine. Connect the plug to the power supply outlet at the installation location.

Warning !

Ground the machine. Otherwise, there is a fear of electric shock or mis-operation of the control components.



1) Check of Power Source

If power supply is applied, the OFF indicator light (red) of switch comes on. If the light does not come on, check the power source.

2) Error Indication

If **[Er-1]** is shown on the controller display when power supply is applied, press key. The memory is initialized and the error message is cleared.

As far as the error message is shown, the machine can not be turned on. The controller must be reset.

2-4 Machine On/Off

1) Turning on Machine

Press switch on the control panel. The ON indicator light (green) comes on and the machine is turned on. Another press of the switch turns off the machine and the OFF indicator light comes on.

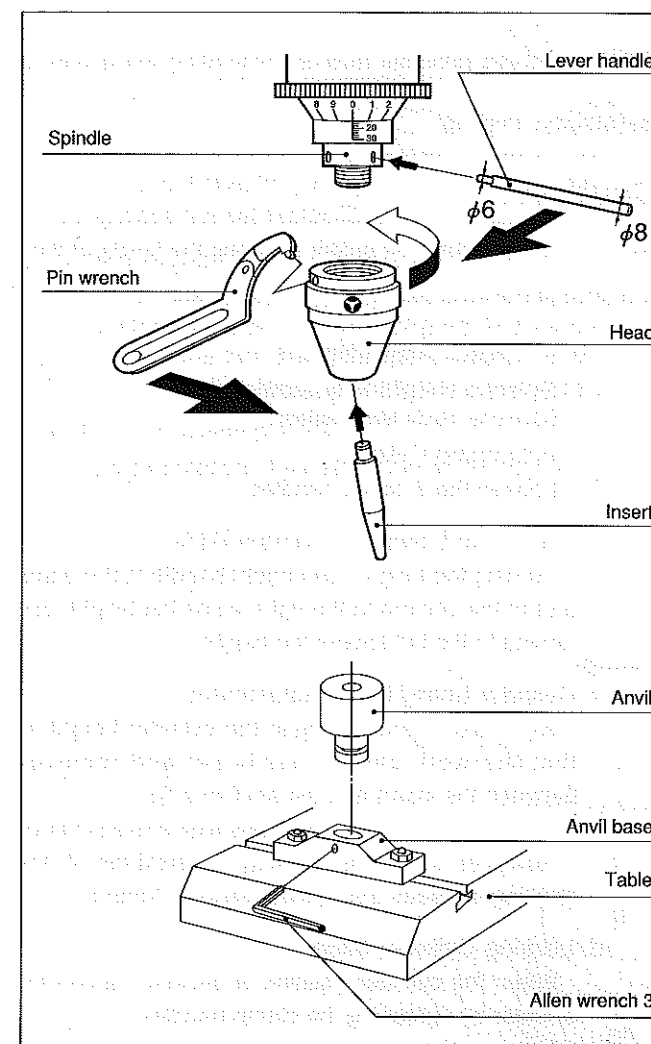
2) Check of Motor Rotation Direction

The spindle motor of the riveting machine US-1 are wired so that they generally spin in the normal direction when the plug is connected to the service outlet. However, if the phase sequence of the power source is reversed, the motor reverse and the tools may come off. Coming off of the tools, the head in particular, is dangerous. The tools should be removed before applying power supply. If reverses, turn off the POWER switch immediately, disconnect the plug, and interchange the connections of two (red and black) of the three wires in the plug.

Danger !

- Connect or disconnect the power supply plug holding the plug and do not pull the cord. Do not place an object on the cord also. Otherwise, open wire or short circuit may be caused.

2-5 Riveting Tool Setting



Set the jigs and tools necessary for riveting in the following steps.

1) Head

Screw the head on to the spindle end. Insert the lever handle into the spindle as illustrated and hold it by one hand. Hook the pin wrench on the head and hold it by the other hand. Fasten the head to the spindle firmly by the two hands.

2) Insert

Put the insert in the head till feeling a click.

Caution !

- Install the head and the insert firmly, or they may come off when the machine is operated.
- To remove the insert on completion of riveting, leave it on the head for a while because it is heated hot by operation with a fear of getting burnt.

3) Anvil (Extra Option)

Insert the anvil in the anvil base and fasten it with the set screw(M6).

(Install the special jig with T-nuts, extra options.)

Danger !

Disconnect the power supply plug to install the jig to the riveting machine. Injury may be caused by mis-operation if power supply is applied.

Caution !

The anvil and the anvil base are extra options and require alignment as with the special jig.



3. Adjustment

3-1 Stroke Adjustment

Machine Adjustment

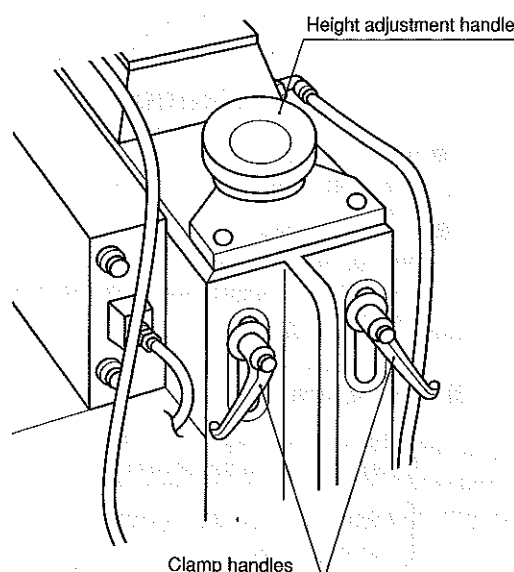
Stroke, riveting pressure, and pressure applying time are three principal factors dominating the quality of riveting.

Adjust the three factors in the following steps for satisfactory riveting.

Caution!

Supply air to raise the head and turn the POWER switch of the controller off before adjusting the height of the cylinder slide.

Fig. 5-1a



3-1 Stroke Adjustment

(1) Spindle Height Adjustment (Cylinder Slide Mechanism)

a. Unclamping Cylinder

Loosen the 2 clamp handles.

b. Raising or Lowering Cylinder Slide

Turning the height adjustment handle in the upper part of the column to the right raises the height, and turning to the left lowers the height.

c. Cylinder Slide Height Adjustment

As a rule of thumb, adjust the cylinder height so that the work can be easily set and removed between the insert and the anvil or a jig.

(Adjustable range of the slide 100mm)

However, note that riveting is disabled if the spacing exceeds the cylinder stroke (30mm).

d. Locking Cylinder Slide

When the cylinder position is decided, fasten the cylinder by tightening the clamp handles.

e. Locking Up-Down Screw

To remove play in the locking up-down screw, turn the height adjustment handle counter-clockwise (cylinder down side), and lock screw.

If the machine is operated in presence of a play, positional deviation may be caused by vibrations etc.

By the above step, table height adjustment is completed. However, align the anvil and the anvil base, options, or the special jig etc. with the head, and insert, prior to adjusting table height.

(2) Cylinder Stroke Adjustment (Refer to Fig. 5-1b)

Caution!

Supply compressed air and raise the spindle prior to adjusting the stroke.

a. Unlocking Adjusting Ring

Loosen the set screw ①.

b. Stroke Adjustment

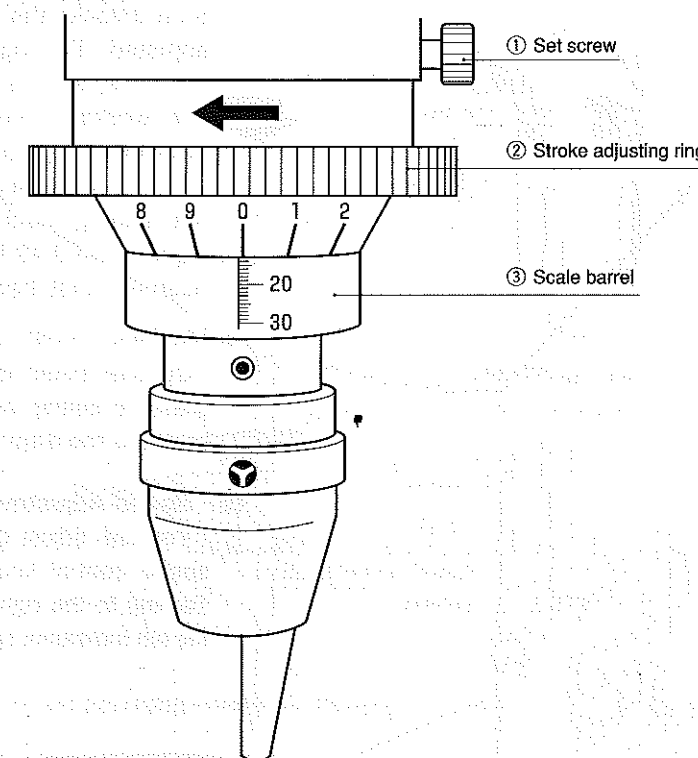
Adjust the stroke by turning the stroke adjusting ring ② to right or left.

The stroke is extended by turning left and shortened by turning right. The stroke is extended or shortened 2-mm by one turn. The range of the scale on the scale barrel ③ is 0~30mm in increments of 1mm, and the scale on the ring is graduated in increments of 0.1mm.

c. Locking Adjusting Ring

On completion of adjusting the stroke, tighten the set screw to lock the ring.

Fig. 5-1b



(3) Caution on Stroke Adjustment

To adjust the stroke, extend the stroke gradually starting with about 5 on the scale. The insert, anvil, etc. may be damaged if the machine is idled with a long stroke.



3-2 Riveting Pressure Adjustment

Adjust riveting pressure optimum according to the following steps, because the pressure has a dominant effect on the finish of works and the operation time.

Caution !

The maximum compressed air supply pressure of the US-1 riveting machine is 0.49MPa (5kgf/cm²). Set the pressure correctly according to the reading of the pressure gage of the filter-regulator set. If the maximum supply pressure is exceeded, the machine may be broken down.

Fig. 5-2a

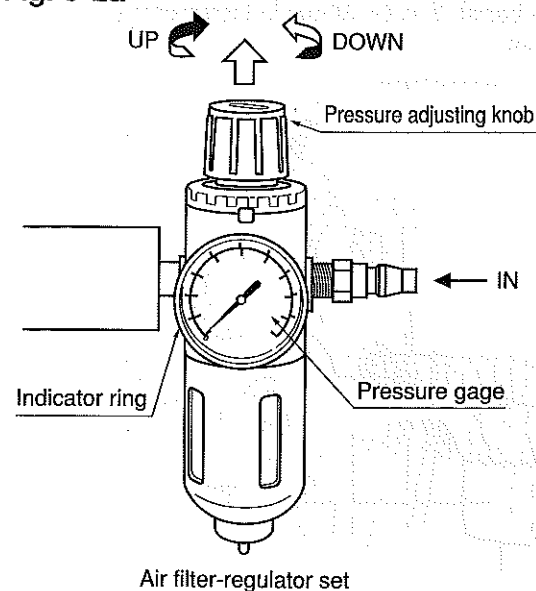
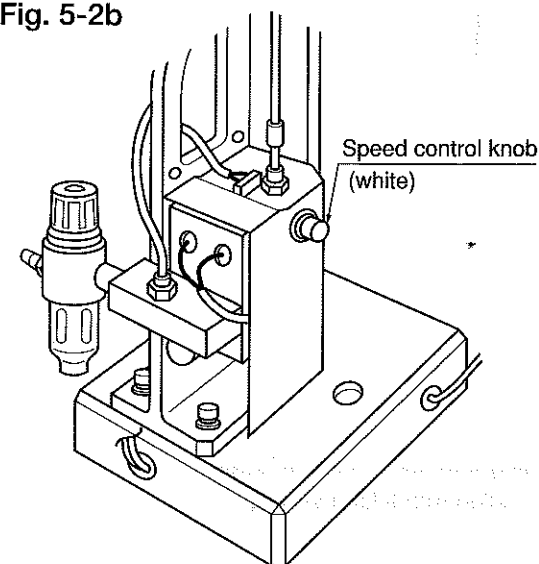


Fig. 5-2b



(1) Operating Pressure Adjustment

The operating pressure is a force applied to the work in riveting, requiring adjustment the type of the work.

a. Operating Pressure Adjusting Procedure

Pulling the pressure adjusting knob at the top of the pressure release valve as shown in Fig. 5-2a unlocks the knob so that pressure can be adjusted. Turning the knob to the right raises pressure, and to the left lowers pressure. The set working pressure is indicated by the pressure gauge on the front.

Working pressure is the pressure supplied to the riveting machine. Do not set the pressure higher than 0.49 MPa (5 kgf/cm²). After setting, push the knob back in and lock.

b. Machine Thrust

Cylinder thrust is calculated from the operating pressure setting according to the thrust-operating pressure line diagram given later.

(2) Speed Adjustment

You can adjust cylinder lowering speed with the speed control knob (white) shown in Fig. 5-2b. Turning to the right reduces speed, and turning to the left increases speed.

3-3 Operation Timer Adjustment

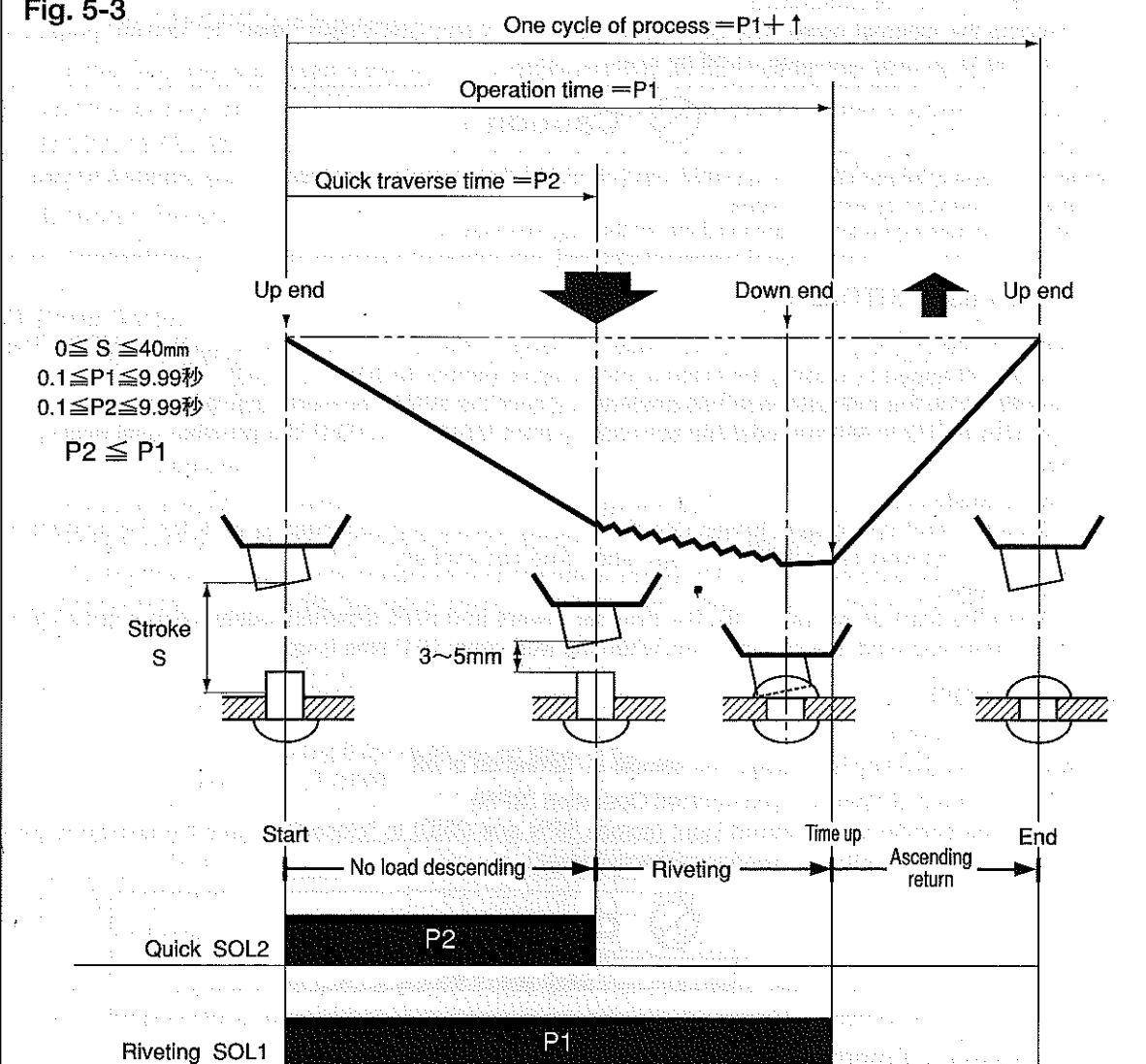
Operation time required for riveting is dependent on the material and shape of rivet (work), cylinder stroke, speed, and pressure. Find out an optimum time by riveting actually.

(1) Timer Setting

The features of the US-1 riveting machine include a quick timer (P2) for setting a quick traverse time from start to coming into contact with the work, and an operation timer (P1) for setting an operation time.

Relation between the timers and the working processes is shown in Fig. 5-3. The setting procedure of the timers is given in the paragraph "Timer Setting" of Section 4 "Operating Procedure of Controller YC-200."

Fig. 5-3





4. Operating Procedure of Controller YC-200

4-1 Operation of Panel

1) Power Supply

If power supply is turned on, the red LED of the  key is lit up. Warning or an error number is indicated on the display in the case of a controller input error or a CPU error. (Refer to Para. 4-4-(2) Failures for the details.)

2) Machine On/Off

Turning On/Off from Control Panel

Press the  key. The green LED comes on and the machine is turned on. The machine is turned off by another press of the key.

Control by External Signal (Option)

Changing the external power ON-OFF signal (across EX and GND) from "open" to "closed" prepares the machine for turning operation on/off by external signal.



Caution !

- ◎ When the external power ON-OFF signal (across EX and GND) is in the "open" position, key operation is given priority over operation by external signal.
- ◎ Avoid frequent turning on and off the machine, or the machine may fail.

3) Mode Selection (AUTO-MAN)

Each time the  key is pressed, the mode is changed from AUTO to MAN or MAN to AUTO. The mode is also changed by closing the external mode signal (across MODE and GND).

However, since the manual mode has precedence over the automatic mode during riveting operation, change from AUTO to MAN is possible but change from MAN to AUTO is not possible until riveting is finished.

(1) AUTO Mode

Once the start-up signal is turned ON, the cylinder lowers and continues to work for the amount of time set on the work timer (P1), and rises when time has expired.

(2) MAN Mode

When the start-up signal is ON, the cylinder lowers and rises simultaneously when it goes OFF. If you press and hold, the cylinder rises when the work timer (P1) time is up.

4) Spindle ON/OFF

(1) Starting/Stopping

Each time the  key is pressed, the spindle is turned on or off.

(2) External Input of Spindle Synchronized Operation (SPN)

Setting the spindle synchronized input (across SPN and GND) to "closed" causes the spindle to turn in synchronization with the lowering of the cylinder.



Caution !

- ◎ In this case, the spindle doesn't turn right away even if the key is ON (LED is lit in green).

5) Input of External Emergency Stop Signal (STP)

If the STP signal (across STP and GND) is opened, power supply is turned off on the spot, and also  is indicated on the display. Power on is not workable until the STP signal is closed.

4-2 Display

 usually indicates count values but serves also as a riveting timer, function setting, or LS monitor and an error indicator.

1) Counter Setting

I) 4-Digit Output Counter (0~9999)

Each time on normal completion of one riveting cycle (start to P1 time up), 1 is added. Reading returns to 0 if 9999 is exceeded. The count value is stored in the memory and not cleared by turning off power supply.

Remarks : If the start signal is turned off before the time up of the operation timer (P1) in the manual mode, count is not made.

II) Counter ON/OFF Setting and Resetting

If the  key is pressed once when the display shows a count value, the count function is turned off and the display shows . If the  key is pressed, the count function is turned on indicating the current count value.

* The counter ON/OFF setting is memorized and held even after power supply is turned off.

Counter Resetting

To reset the count to 0, continue to press the  key for about 2 seconds.

2) Timer Setting

1) Timer Switching

Pressing the  key while holding the  key changes the display to  , enabling the work timer to be set. Repeating this operation changes the indicator in the sequence of P1 → P2 → Normal.

2) Timer Value Setting

Pressing the  key while the various timer settings are being displayed increments the value by 0.01 seconds, and pressing the  key decrements the value by 0.01 seconds.

Holding the key increments or decrements the value slowly at first and then gradually picks up speed. If incrementing from 9.99, the value changes to 0.00, and if decrementing from 0.00, the value changes to 9.99.



Timer setting 0.00~9.99 sec (in steps of 0.01 sec)
Timer No. 0,1,2 3, types

Timer type	No.	Display	Initial Setting
Riveting timer	P1	I	2.00
Quick traverse	P2	II	0.20
End signal timer	P0*1	□	5.00

*1 The timer P0 is intended for factory shipping test and can not be used for other purpose.



4-3 Key-Lock Function

You can lock all keys other than the  key (turns power on/off) on the panel surface so that they cannot be accidentally operated.

1) Key-Lock

Pressing the  key when power is OFF, or holding the key for about 5 seconds after the power is ON, turns the lock ON.

If the lock is engaged, the "ON" (green) or "OFF" (red) indicator lamp of the key flashes to indicate the lock status.

2) Lock OFF

Pressing the  key when power is ON, or holding the key for about 5 seconds after the power is OFF, turns the lock OFF.

The indicator lamp of the key lights normally when the lock is OFF.

4-4 Monitor Function

1) LS Monitor



The single-digit decimal point of the counter display enables LS1 (lower end) input monitoring.

ON = Bright, OFF = Dark



Caution !

Lowering end LS is optional. Standard specifications call for input (across LS and GND) to always be "closed". The monitor display therefore also lights.

2) Error Indication

The display shows an error code or message in the case of controller internal failure, external emergency stop, or machine failure.

Error indication (memory error) is made only when the power supply is turned on.

If an error occurs, press the  key to initialize the error data and turns off the indication. Power supply can not be turned on unless the error data is initialized.

Power supply is turned off when an error message is indicated.

Power supply can not be turned on unless the error cause is removed and the indication is cleared.

List of Error Indications

Indication	Description
Er-1	Memory data error (Counter mode, spindle ON/OFF)
Er-2	Counter value data error
Er-3	Timer P1 data error
Er-4	Timer P2 data error
Er-5	Function data error
E.Stp	Emergency stop (Canceled by input STP-ND "open")

*Timer P0 data error is automatically reset.

Maintenance of Head

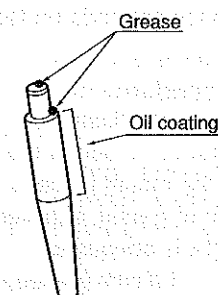
The head incorporates bearings for carrying the insert. If the lubricant in the head is used up or the bearings are worn out, intended finish of riveting is not obtained.

Carry out maintenance such as lubrication at regular intervals to secure satisfactory finish always.



Danger !

It is very dangerous if the machine is operated by mistake during maintenance. Must disconnect the power supply plug before starting maintenance.



Relubrication

Lubricate the head every week (ever approx. 50 operation hours) as a rough guide.

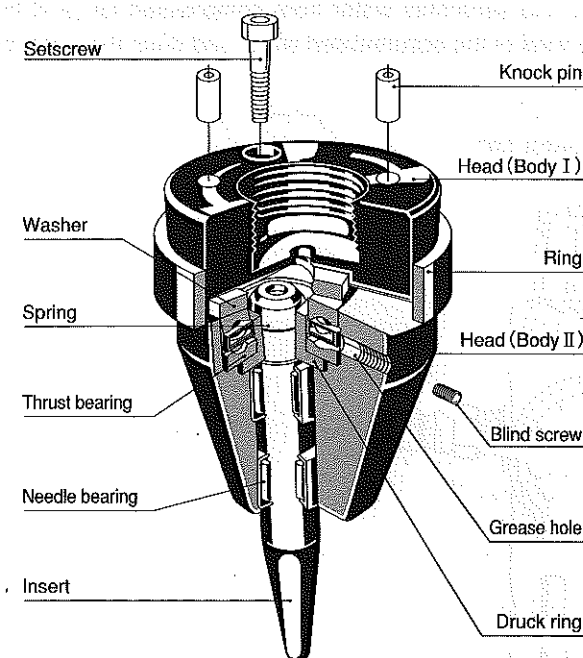
The following two types of lubricants are recommended.

Grease: Lithium grease (Alvania 2)

Oil : Class 3 petroleum lubricating oil (e.g. T&D-S from BIRL)

Coat the upper end of the insert with a little amount (0.2 cc) of grease. If excess amount of grease is applied, spin of the insert may get worse deteriorating the finish of riveting, if the rivet diameter is small.

If the rivet diameter is small, coat the entire insert with lubricating oil.



Spare Parts

The parts used in the head are all expendable. They need be replaced at regular intervals.

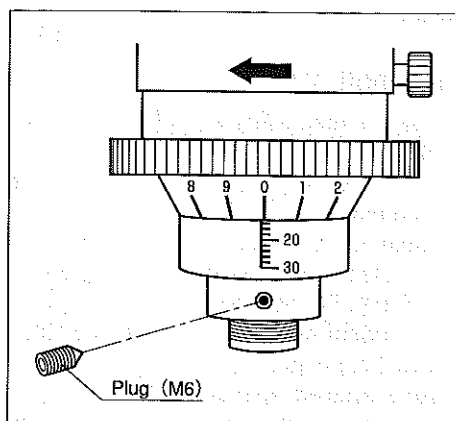


Maintenance of Machine

Comply with the following instructions to maintain the ability of the riveting machine over many years.

Danger !

- It is very dangerous if the machine is operated by mistake during maintenance. Must disconnect the power supply plug before starting maintenance.



1) Lubrication of Spindle Section

Lubricate the spindle section every six months (approx. 1,500 operation hours) as a rough guide though the relubrication frequency depends on the operating frequency of the machine.

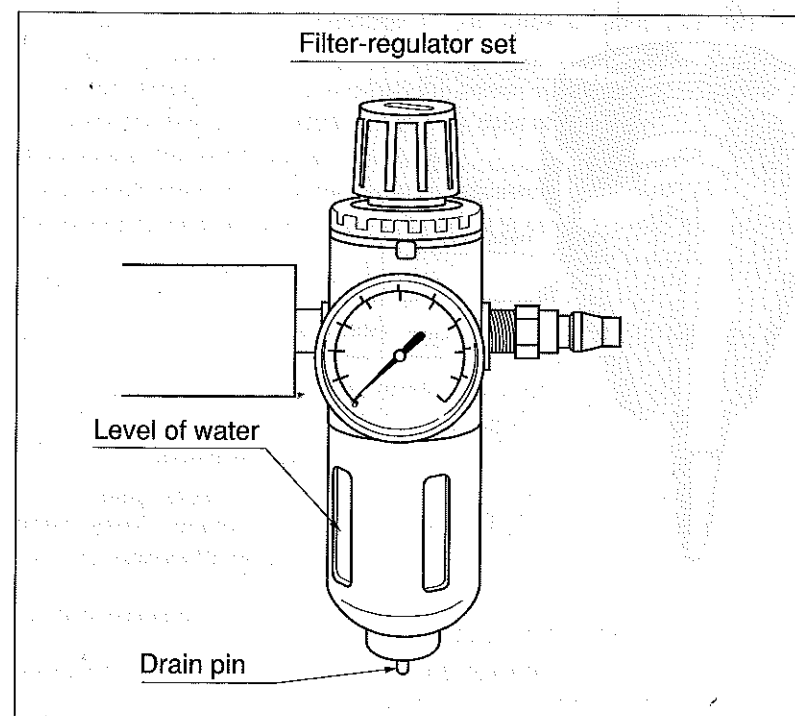
⊙ Lubrication Procedure

As shown in the left illustration, a lubrication port is provided at the lower portion of the spindle. Remove the plug and screw the mouth piece of the grease gun in the port. An amount of grease supplied by one stroke of the grease gun handle is adequate.

- Grease : Lithium grease (Alvania 2)
- Grease gun: Our recommendation (extra option)

(2) Air Filter Cleaning

The filter of the filter-regulator set removes dirt and separates water from compressed air, and the water accumulates in the filter. Pay attention to the level of the accumulated water and drain the water by pushing up the drain pin on the under side of the filter.



Daily Inspection

Carry out the inspection outlined below before starting the day's operation to maintain stable finish of riveting and detecting a machine failure early.

⊙ Check before Power On

Item	Procedure	Key Point
Head	Turn insert by fingers to make sure that it turns smoothly.	Clean inside of head or replace bearings if turns heavy or sticks.
Insert	Ensure that insert end is free from plating dust or swarf.	If not removable by wiping with cloth, grind insert end. <u>Do not remove by file etc.</u>
Filter-regulator set	Check pressure gage if air supply pressure is adequate. check level of water in filter.	If water accumulates rapidly, provide dryer to air supply source.
Operating pressure	Check pressure gage if pressure set is indicated.	



Trouble Shooting

Machine trouble	Cause		What to do
Machine not turned on	Power off indicator (red) LED	Off	1. Power supply interrupted
			2. Power supply plug not connected
			3. Fuse blown out
		On	1. Error message on display
			2. Control equipment failure
Head remains motionless	1. Spindle switch in off position		Turn on.
	2. Single-phase power supply (When using 3-phase power supply)		Correct to 3-phase power supply.
	3. Motor failure or coupling in cylinder broken		Replace or repair.
Cylinder not ascending when power supply is turned on	1. Air supply pressure is too low		Adjust pressure.
	2. Solenoid valve faulty		Replace or repair.
Riveting cylinder not descending	1. Low riveting pressure setting		Adjust pressure.
	2. Operation timer is too short		Adjust timer.
	3. Solenoid valve faulty		Replace or repair.
	4. Pressure reducing valve faulty		Replace or repair.
	5. Packing in cylinder faulty		Replace or repair.
Head stops when riveting	1. Bearing in head faulty		Replace or repair.
	2. Bearing in spindle section faulty		Replace or repair.
	3. Single phasing (When using 3-phase power supply)		Correct to three phases.
Poor riveting			
Scatter of finish	1. Stroke adjusting screw and cylinder clamp loosened		Check lock screw, nut.
	2. Anvil or jig not matching rivet		Correct jig etc.
Burrs produced	1. Cylinder descends excessively		Adjust cylinder stroke.
	2. Insert end shape improper		Correct insert.
	3. Caulking allowance of work excessive		Correct work.
	4. Riveting center misaligned		Align.
Rough point surface	1. Swarf on insert end		Clean, or repair.
	2. Grease in head excessive		Wash and fill adequate amount of grease.
	3. Bearing in head faulty		Check and replace bearing.
Riveting failure	1. Low riveting pressure		Increase pressure.
	2. Bearing in head faulty		Inspect, replace bearing.
	3. Rivet turning with insert		Improve anvil or jig.
	4. Rivet material hard *		Machine capacity insufficient

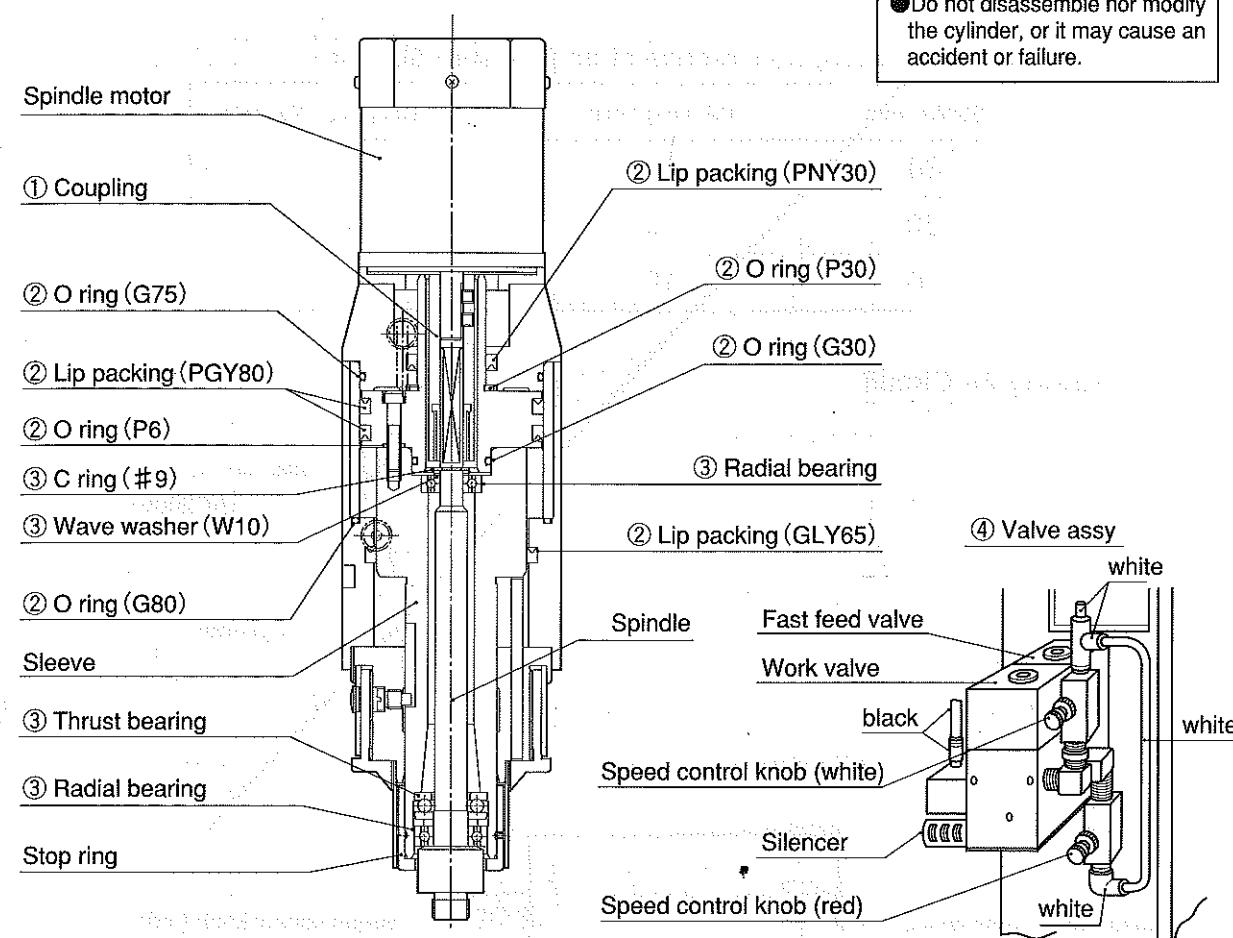
◎ Refer to the corresponding descriptions in the text for adjusting procedures.

Cross-sectional Diagram of Cylinder

○ The parts with encircled part number are expendable items and need to be replaced at regular intervals.

Caution !

● Do not disassemble nor modify the cylinder, or it may cause an accident or failure.



Parts ①, ②, and ③, ④ should be replaced in a set listed below.

① Coupling maintenance set

Part No.	Part	Model No./Spec	Qty
1139	Coupling		1
1140	Set screw	M6×5	2

② Cylinder packing maintenance set

Part No.	Part	Model No./Spec	Qty
1115,6	Lip packing	PGY80	2
1126	“	GLY65	1
1133	“	PNY30	1
1134	O ring	G75	1
1131	“	G80	1
1111	“	G30	1
1117	“	P30	1
1112	“	P6	4

③ Bearing maintenance set

Part No.	Part	Model No./Spec	Qty
1102	Radial bearing	# 6002DDU	1
1108	Radial bearing	# 6000DDU	1
1104	Thrust bearing	# 51202	1
1103	Washer	Lower	1
1110	C ring	# 9	1
1109	Wave washer	W10	1
1109	Washer	Upper	1

④ Valve Assy

Part No.	Part	Model No./Spec	Qty
1204,7	Solenoid valve	Operation / F.F	1 ea
1201~21	Other fixtures	2-point set / cover not included	1 set



Air Circuit Diagram

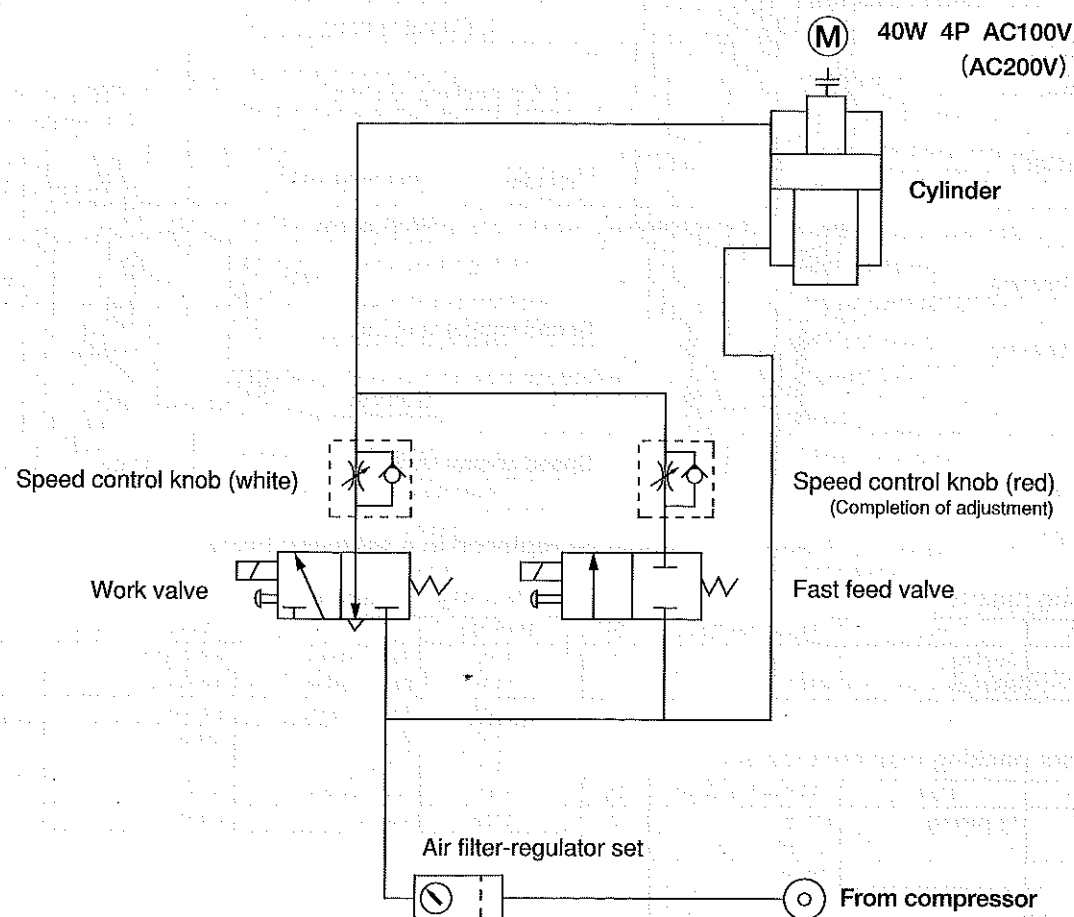
Air circuit is as drawing.

The air is only consumed when the spindle goes up. when the spindle goes down, the air is not consumed.
So the necessary air consumption is less than other machine.

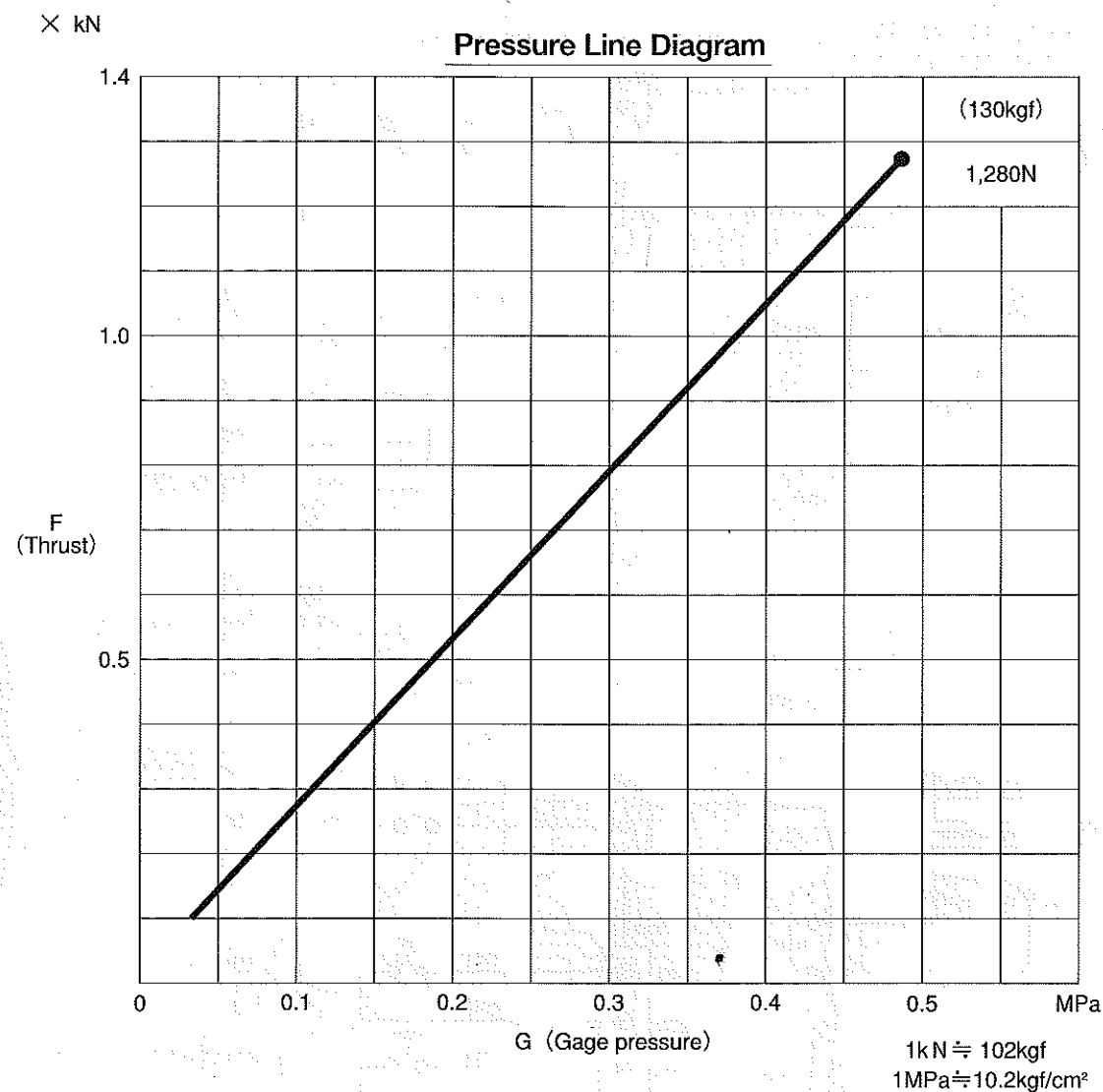
EX : Air consumption in case of air pressure 5kg/cm²

Stroke mm	Working / min	Air consumption Nℓ / min
30	10	6.5
20	10	4.3
10	10	2.2

US-1 Drawing Air Circuit



Thrust—Operating Pressure Line Diagram



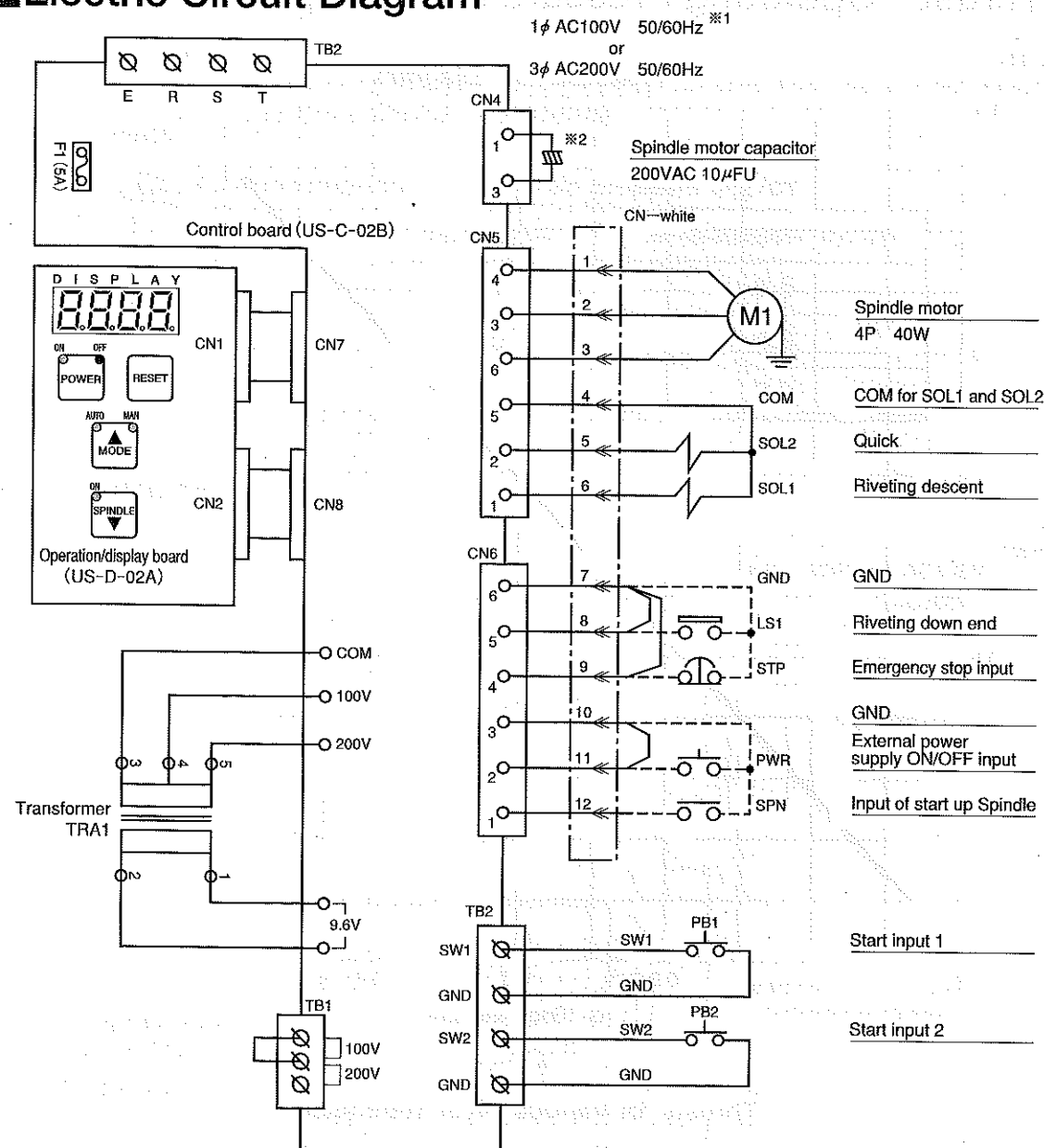
Thrusts for Various Rivet Materials

		Unit × kN				
Material	Rivet dia mm	0.5	1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0
Mild steel		0.7	1.0	1.2	1.3	—
Stainless steel		1.0	1.2	1.3	—	—
Brass		0.6	0.8	1.0	1.2	1.3

Remarks : The above thrusts are reference values presuming that the insert shape is flat, the rivet is solid, and the upsetting allowance = rivet dia. x 1/4. Riveting pressure to be adopted shall be adjusted each time.



Electric Circuit Diagram



Input and Output Specifications

Power supply	AC100V 50/60Hz
Allowable voltage fluctuation	±10%
Fuse	5A glass tube
Operating temperature	-10~+50°C No condensation
Input	Contact input (Photo coupler isolation) x 6 Max. off current 0.8 mA Min. input pulse width 80 ms
Output	For Spindle motor SSR x 2 For SOL SSR x 2 Load voltage rating AC100~240V Max. current rating 2 A (Min. 0.1 A)

※1 100V type is connected R.T.E
※2 Only single-phase 100V type is connected.

In the diagram, CN-white show connector colorcodes, and numerals 1~12 indicate pin numbers at the portions marked ←.

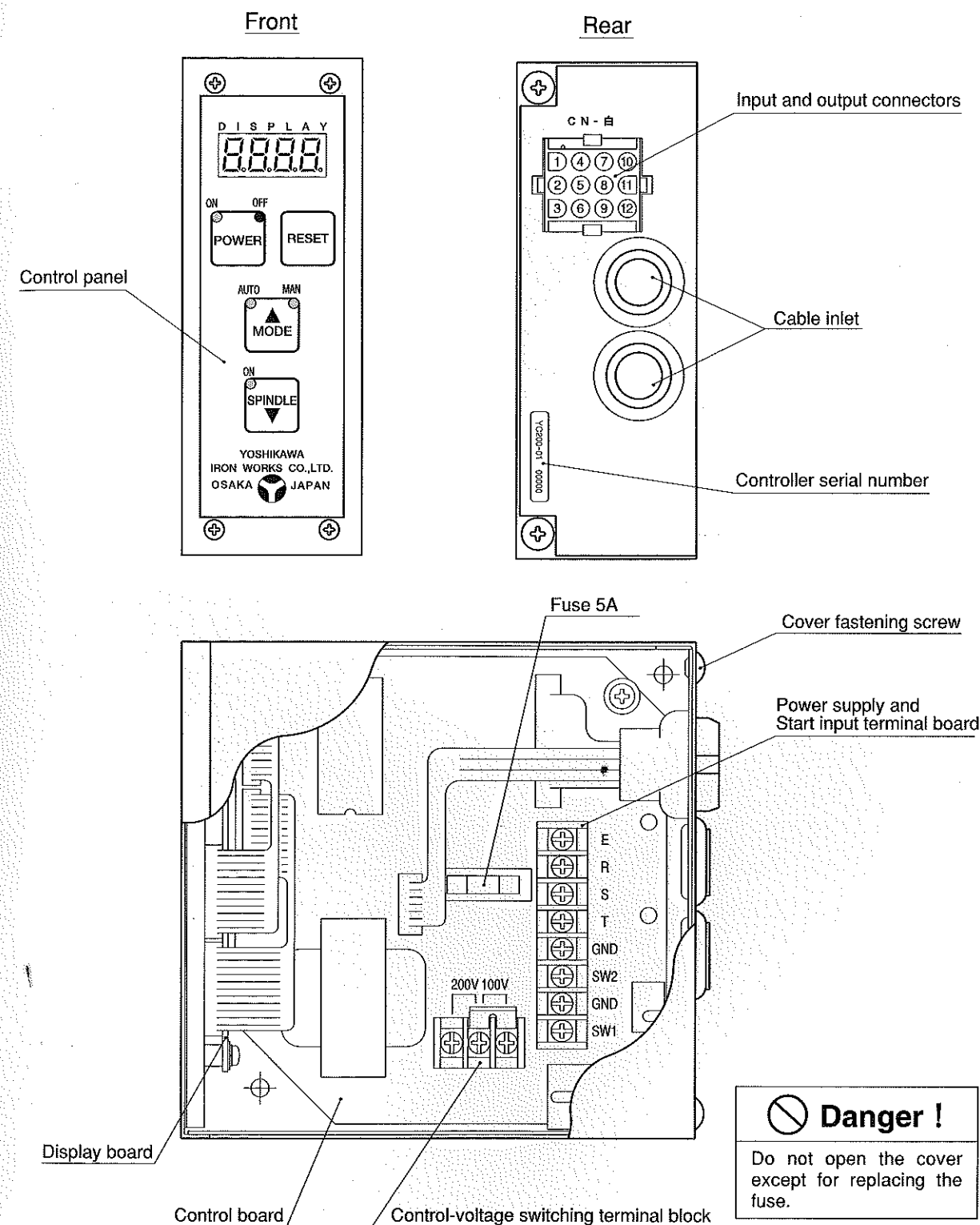
Recommended external connection parts

← section Universal MATE-N-LOCK connector 12P plug
model No. 1-480708-0 from AMP Ltd.

Pin contactors
model No. 350547-1 from AMP Ltd.

TB section Crimp terminals
model No. 1.25Y-3 equivalents from NICHIFU Co., Ltd.

Controller Component Layout Diagram



Danger !

Do not open the cover except for replacing the fuse.